

# **Tri-Generation & Waste Heat Recovery**

Generation of Power, Steam, Cooling, Hot Water and Desalinated Water



# Why Tri-Generation?

High Efficiency

7

System Optimization

Security of Supply



Lower Emissions



Grid Investment



Thermal Storage



## **Overview**



- Centralized System and Generation of:
- Electrical Power
- Steam and Hot Water
- Cooling (Chilled Water for A/C or Process Cooling Water)
- Hot Water and Desalinated Water.
- Operation and Maintenance of the proposed facilities.
- Generated Energy Consumption Rates at affordable low prices
- Technical overview
- Systems are able to run 24 /7 over summer and winter months providing full Power, Cooling, steam and hot water the whole year.
- Performance guarantee for the supply of the above services.

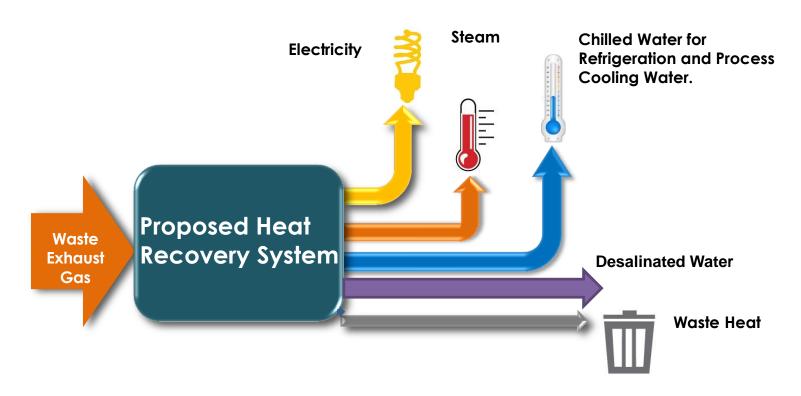
- Commercial overview
- EPC / OR / IPP Contract
- System may be financed by Developer and Operator with no recourse to End User.
- Long term Operation and
   Maintenance managed by
   Operator through O&M Contract
- Long term agreement ( 20 years)

# Heat recovery Generation Systems



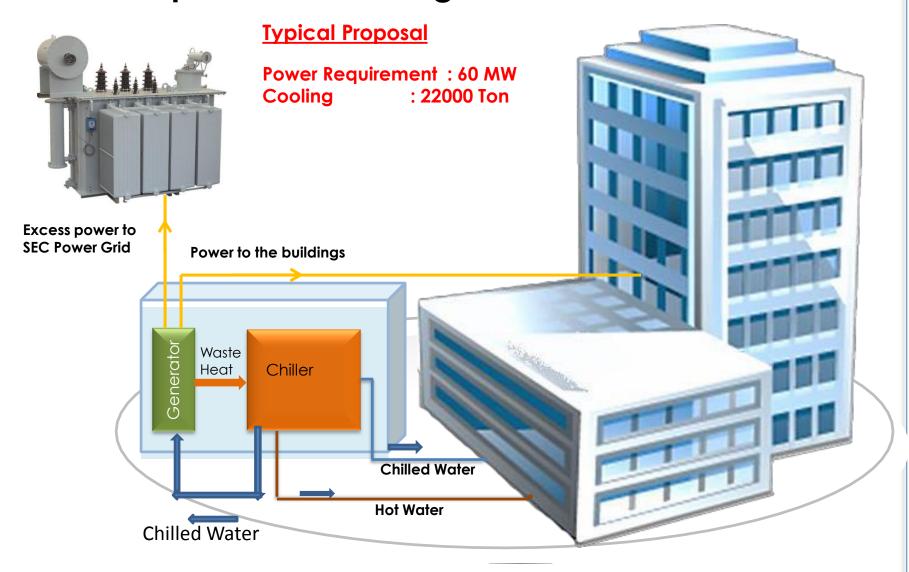
#### Heat Recovery & Co-Gen. Systems are able to generate:

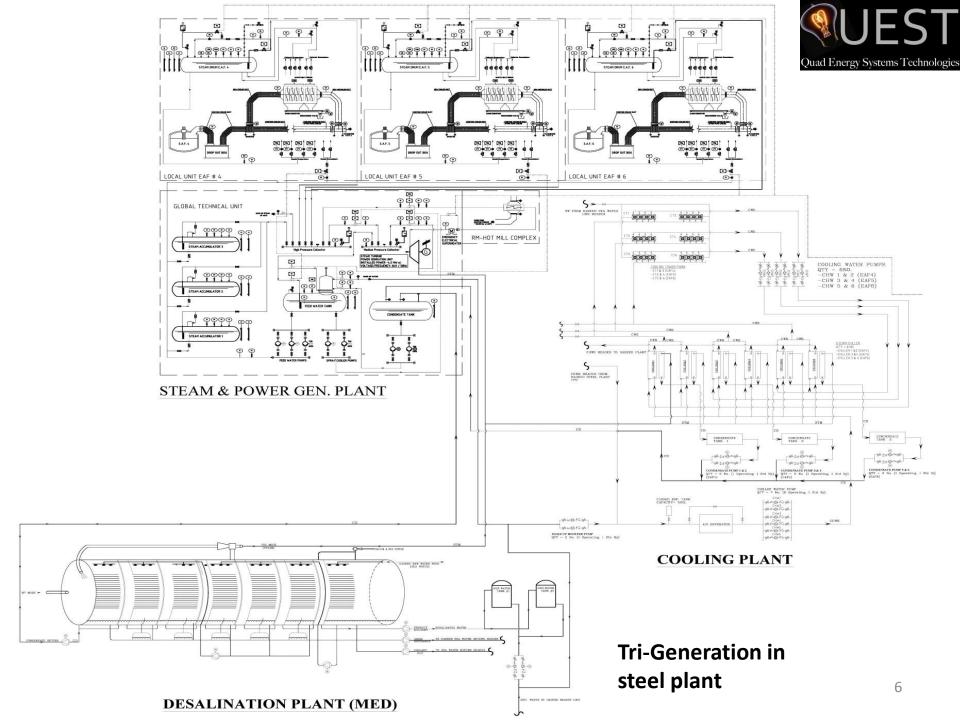
- > Steam, Power, Chilled Water and Desalinated Water through Plant Waste Heat.
- Overall Heat Plant Efficiency shall increase up to 85%





### **Proposal For Buildings**







## **Potential Customers**

- Compounds, large Buildings and Towers.
- **→** Hospitals
- **≻** Airports
- ➤ Military Cities
- > Industrial and Petro-Chemical Plants
- > Facilities in remote areas



## Waste Heat Boiler

- ➤ The waste heat boiler cools down the waste gases from approx. 550 650 °C to approx. 200 250 °C
- ➤ Heat transfer mainly by convection
- Consist of different modules / heat exchangers: evaporator, economizer and / or super heater





## **Automation**



- Heat recovery system is managed and controlled automatically by a dedicated PLC board
- The progress status of entire cooling system is displayed and monitored on dedicated synoptic
- ➤ The system parameters such as relevant physical characteristics, valves working conditions, flows, etc. are continuously monitored through Human Machine Interface (HMI)

